	दल का नाम	जवाब
		मान्यता प्राप्त राज्य दल
1.	आल इंडिया फारवर्ड ब्लाक	पूरे देश में इलैक्ट्रानिक मशीनों का सभी निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में उपयोग किया जाए न कि चयन किए गए निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में। तारीख 6-11-1995 को कलकत्ता में हुई राजनैतिक दल की बैठक में लिया गया यह हमारा निर्णय था।
2.	असम गण परिषद	केवल चयन किए गए निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में इलैक्ट्रानिक मशीनों का उपयोग करना पक्षपातपूर्ण होगा। इलैक्ट्रानिक मतदान मशीनों का परिणाम ठीक नहीं हो सकते हैं। इलैक्ट्रानिक मतदान मशीनों का आने वाले साधारण निर्वाचनों में उपयोग नहीं किया जाना चाहिए।
3.	मणिपुर पीपुल्स पार्टी	प्रस्ताव की अत्यधिक प्रशंसा की गई।
4.	आल इंडिया अन्ना द्रविड मुन्नेत्र कड़गम	कुछ मजबूरियां व्यक्त की और कहा कि पार्टी तमिलनाडु में कुछ चयन किए गए शहरी निर्वाचन क्षेत्रों में भी इलैक्ट्रानिक मतदान मशीनों की शुरुआत करने के किसी प्रस्ताव को स्वीकार करने की स्थिति में नहीं है।
5.	तेलगू देशम पार्टी (एन०टी० रामाराव)	प्रस्ताव का स्वागत किया।
6.	इंडियन कांग्रेस (सोशलिस्ट) (एस० डब्ल्यू० खवे)	कमीशन का प्रस्ताव का इस प्रतिबंध के साथ स्वागत किया कि इलैक्ट्रानिक मतदान मशीनों का केवल उन क्षेत्रों में उपयोग किया जाएगा जहां पहचानपत्र जारी किए गए हैं।

Investment In blue chip companies by Fill's

3590. SHRI YERRA NARAYANA-SWAMY: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the new-item which appeared in the Economic Times dated 22nd August, 96, captioned "FIITs growing stake in blue chips irks left",

(b) whether it is a fact that foreign investors are increasing their stake in blue chip companies;

(c) what is the reaction of Government to this trend: and

(d) steps proposed to safeguard national interest?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) Investment by Foreign Investors including Foreign Institutional Investors (FII's) through Global Depositary Receipt (GDR)/Foreign Currency Convertible Bond (FCCB) route, Which is reckoned as part of Foreign Direct Inveetsneat (FDI) needs to conform to the norms applicable to FDI. Accordingly, a company is permitted to float Euro issue in the International Capital market for investment by foreign investors provided the following conditions are met:

(i) Eligibility condition of 3 years financial track record requirement.

(ii) Conform to FDI norms and accordingly obtain Foreign Investment Promotion Board (FIPB) approval where foreign equity after post Euro issue is likely to exceed 51% or where

the activity proposed to be financed with Euroissue fall outside Annexure HI of New Industrial Policy, 1991.

(iii) Other mandatory approvals where necessary, like Cabinet Approval in the case of Public Sector Undertakings (PSUs), etc.

(iv) Approval of the shareholders under Section 81 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

The above requirements are intended to ensure that investment by Foreign Investors including FIIs arc permitted only in conformity with FDI norms and after companies with various approval process.

Further, investment by FIIs in the domestic Capital market under the portfolio investment is restricted to 10% by a single FII in the issued capital of the company, and subject to cumulative ceiling of 24% of the issued capital of each company by all FIIs/Non-resident Indians (NRIs)/NRI Overseas Corporate Bodies in aggregate.

Measures to prevent polio In Gujarat

3591 SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Polio cases have occurred in many places particularly in the tribal areas in the State of Gujarat since 1993;

(b) if so, what are the district-wise and year-wise details thereof; and

(c) what measures Government have taken or propose to take to prevent recurrence of Polio cases in Gujarat?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI): (a) and (b) 443, 665 and 89 cases have been reported from Gujarat during 1993, 1994 and 1995 respectively. 7 cases have been reported during 1996 so far of which 3 were from Ahmedabad, 2 from Jamnagar and 1 each from Bhavnagar and Vadodara districts.

(c) The Child Survival and Safe Motherhood Programme launched in 1992 incorporates the Universal Immunization Programme for increasing the immunization coverage levels including immunization against polio. During 1995-96 the Government of India have launched the Pulse Polio Immunization Programme with the objective of eradication of Polimyeiitis

Failure of population control programme due to lack of state governments active participation

3592. SHRI OP. KOHLI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether our population control programme has failed to produce the desired results firstly because of the absence of the factor of compulsion, and secondly because of the cent per cent funding of the programme by the Centre, which has failed to provide a sense of urgency among the States;

(b) whether Government contemplates to ask the State Governments to share 50 per cent of the expenditure being incurred on this programme, in order to enlist the State Governments active programme, particularly when the health is a State subject; and

(c) if not. the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI): (a) Impact of the Family Welfare Programme differs from State to State. In the country as a whole the Birth Rate has declined from 41.7 per thousand population in 1951-61 to 28.7 in 1994.

(b) and (c) The Committee on Population of the National Development Council has recommended 10%